

Head and Neck Physiotherapy Surgery Advice

Physiotherapy and exercise guide for patients, relatives and carers

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What is this leaflet about?

This is a guide about physiotherapy and exercise which will help you in your recovery after head and neck surgery.

After head and neck surgery shoulder and neck function can be reduced therefore it is important to start early intervention with exercises to aid strength and movement. These can be continued long-term.

This leaflet covers common questions patients have about physiotherapy and exercises.

It includes exercises to complete:

- Before your operation
- After your operation
- After you return home

Your doctor or physiotherapist can answer any questions you might still have which are not covered in this leaflet.

Exercise summary

Exercises before your operation:

- Shoulder Range of Movement
- Neck Range of Movement
- General Exercise

Exercises after your operation:

- Deep breathing exercises
- Airway Clearance Techniques
- Circulation exercises
- Shoulder girdle and neck range of movement exercises
- Sitting out daily
- Walking around the ward

Exercises after you have returned home:

- Airway Clearance Techniques
- Shoulder girdle and neck range of movement exercises
- Circulation exercises if not as mobile as normal
- General exercise

What exercises do I need to do before my operation?

General exercise

You should try to be as active as possible before your operation. This helps your recovery after surgery. Start exercising as soon as you know you are having an operation.

NHS England recommends that you aim to do **at least** 30 minutes of moderate exercise or 15 minutes intense exercise five days a week. Examples of moderate exercise are brisk walking or cycling. Examples of intense exercises are spin biking, jogging and walking the stairs. If you need to you can break the 30 minutes into smaller sessions.

The effects of anaesthetic can cause post-operative complications such as chest infections, blood clots (Deep Vein Thrombus/Pulmonary Embolism). Hence it is imperative to complete them post-operatively to help prevent these from occurring, by starting them pre-operatively then you will be able to feel and compare if there's a difference between the outcomes.

Neck and Shoulder range of movements

You should start to exercise your shoulder and neck before your operation to build muscle strength which will aid recovery and function post-operatively.

Please see the exercises on pages 9 - 15

What exercises do I need to do after my operation?

Deep Breathing Exercises –

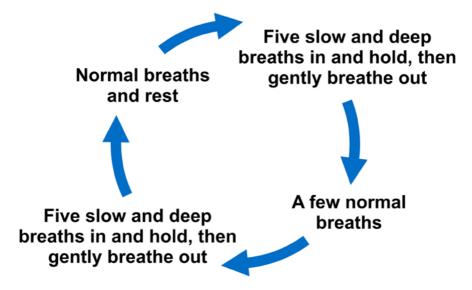
Regular deep breathing will aid you to -

- Keep your chest clear
- Prevent chest infection
- Relax and calm you
- Ease nausea (sickness)

What you will need – Upright position and adequate pain relief.

Make sure you are sitting in an upright position either in bed or in the chair and follow the diagram below.

Repeat **hourly** during the day.



Exercises for secretion clearance -

If you get the feeling there is 'something to come up' but you are struggling to clear this, you can try the following exercise to make this easier. This is one of the least painful and most effective ways.

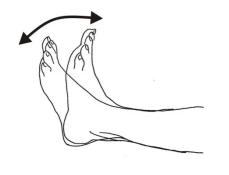
- Follow the flow diagram on the previous page
- After your fifth deep breath, force the air out of your lungs as though you are steaming up a mirror or glasses (this is the huff).
- You can add after the huff, a cough to further clear your airways.

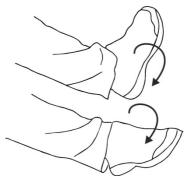
Circulation exercises -

Complete these exercises as soon as able to reduce the risk of a blood clot (DVT). They aid prevention of DVTs by maintaining the flow of blood in your legs whilst you aren't as mobile as you normally might be.

- Keep your legs and ankles uncrossed at all times
- With your legs stretched out, briskly circle both your feet and bend them up and down.

For either times 10 reps OR 30 seconds





Sitting in a chair and walking -

Within the first day after your operation you should aim to sit out into a chair. Someone will always be there to help you.

Once sat out, make sure you are comfortable; a pillow behind your back or a sheet to cover the chair may help with this.

It is important to sit out for a minimum of one hour on the first day and then increase the time as the days go, if you feel you can manage longer then by all means continue sitting out.

Gentle movement (leaning side to side, forwards and backwards) whilst in the chair will help you sit out for longer and will reduce the risk of skin/pressure damage.

When it comes to walking, you will always have someone with you until you are independent and safe. There may be need for an aid to assist you initially; this is intended to be needed for a short-term post-operatively only.

Setting yourself goals to walk distances on the ward will aid your recovery physically and mentally as it allows you to see progress each day. As well as provide you with the positive feeling of achievement and improvement daily.

Neck Range of movement -

It is really important to slowly introduce gentle neck range of movement exercises to prevent long-term effects that your operation can have such as; stiffness, loss of movement, loss of strength and pain.

1. Looking up and down

Sitting upright. Start with your head facing forwards, then slowly look down and slowly look up. Then return to forwards facing.

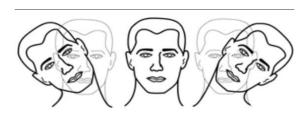




Exercise Prescription Reps Times a day

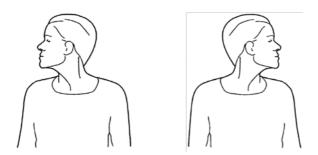
2. Side to side

Sitting upright. Start with your head facing forwards and in the middle, slowly bring your ear to your shoulder on one side and then the other.



3. Turning side to side

Sitting upright. Start with you head facing forwards, slowly turn you head from side to side as though looking over your shoulder.



Exercise Prescription Reps Times a day

Post-operatively you will may not be able to achieve full range of movement due to many reasons such as swelling, anatomical (body structures) changes. The exercises are to be used to start the movement and regain a functional level for you.

If pain occurs at any point during the exercises whilst in hospital please inform the physiotherapist. If occurs post admission contact the CNS team and drop the amount of repetitions and movement you are doing.

Shoulder Girdle Range of Movement –

As well as your neck, your shoulder on the operated side will be affected post-operatively. It is really important to start the movement of the shoulder girdle (joints of the shoulder) as early as possible to increase the function of the arm.

1. Pendulum Swings

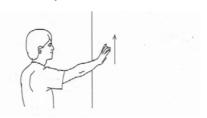
Sitting upright or standing (if safe to do so), bending at your waist, allow your arm to hang in front of you, keep your arm straight as able and complete the following:

- Move the arm in a circular motion.
- Move your arm forwards and backwards
- Move your arm side to side



2. Walking the wall

Sitting upright or standing (if safe to do so). Facing the wall (or back of door) place your fingers on the wall at waist height. Slowly begin to climb the wall with your fingers, keeping your chest facing the wall. Only go as far as you are able to then walk your fingers back down and ensure there is no pain.

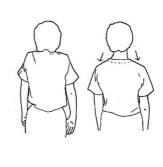


Exercise Prescription Reps Times a day

3. Rolls and shrugs

Sitting upright in a bed or chair. Gently begin to roll your shoulders forwards then backwards. Then slowly begin to raise your shoulders up (shrug) and down again.





4. Lateral Rotation

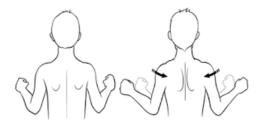
Sitting in an upright position. Tuck your elbows into your side and keep them there as able throughout the whole movement. Begin to bring your hands outwards slowly and then slowly return them to your stomach.



Exercise Prescription Reps Times a day

5. Scapular Retraction

Sitting in an upright position, slowly bring your shoulder blades together at the back and squeeze. Slowly return to your original position.



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If pain occurs at any point during the exercises whilst in hospital please inform the physiotherapist. If occurs post admission contact the CNS team and drop the amount of repetitions and movement you are doing.

What exercises do I need to do after I return home?

You should continue with all the exercises on the previous pages 9-15.

These will aid your recovery at home whilst also preventing chest infections and deconditioning of your body. It is extremely important you continue with these exercises at the same level prescribed in the booklet.

Over time your exercise tolerance will gradually increase as your day to day activity level increases.

Regular Activity

Aim to walk daily at home, each time increasing the distance and maybe the incline as time goes on.

Keeping a good baseline of fitness post-discharge will aid your recovery, allowing you to return to a level of function needed for activities in daily living.

If you wish to return to a specific sporting activity please discuss this with your consultant.

Frequently asked questions (FAQs)

What happens if I have a new pain when exercising?

If this occurs whilst you are on the ward then please make the physiotherapist aware and the exercises can be adapted. Likewise if this occurs whilst at home, please feel free to contact the physiotherapist via the number on page 18. It may mean you need to reduce the repetitions or the range of movement you are achieving in the exercises.

When should I stop exercising?

In truth, you should also have some form of exercise as a part of your daily routine. When you are back home continue with the specific exercises within this booklet and then continue with regular exercise daily. The current NHS guidance is 150 minutes of moderate exercise weekly.

When can I start driving again?

Seek advice from your surgeon and clinical nurse specialists at your follow-up clinic. When/if you do begin driving again you will have to make sure your insurance company are aware of changes to your medical health.

Other useful resources/websites

Macmillian Cancer Care Telephone 0800 808 0000

Macmillan.org.uk

Head and Neck Cancer Foundation

hncf.org.uk Telephone 0330 133 0724

Cancercare Centre, York Hospital

(Monday-Friday) Telephone 01904 721166

Let's Face it!

lets-face-it.org.uk Telephone 01843 491291

Mouth Cancer Foundation

mouthcancerfoundation.org Telephone 01924 950950

Throat Cancer Foundation

throatcancerfoundation.org Telephone 0203 4754 065

Changing Faces

changingfaces.org.uk Telephone 0300 012 0275

Butterfly Thyroid Cancer Trust

butterfly.org.uk Telephone 01207 545469

NALC

laryngectomy.org.uk Telephone 020 7730 8585

The Swallows

Theswallows.org.uk Telephone 01253 428940

Useful telephone numbers at York

Consultant Surgeons – contacts for secretarial staff

Mr. N. Brown Mr. R. Wortherspoon Mr. A. Coatesworth Mr. R. Taylor	01904 725613 01723 342081 01904 726598 01904 721161
Restorative Dentists Secretary	01904 725614
Clinical Nurse Specialists	01904 726063 01904 725726
Research Nurses	01904 721278
Dieticians	01904 725269
Speech and Language Therapists	01904 725768
Physiotherapists	01904 725249
Outpatient Clinic	01904 726501
Head and Neck Ward	01904 726015
Ward 16/NEU	01904 726016
ICU	01904 726040

Patient Advice and Liaison Service (PALS)

PALS offers impartial advice and assistance to patients, their relatives, friends and carers. We can listen to feedback (positive or negative), answer questions and help resolve any concerns about Trust services.

PALS can be contacted on 01904 726262, or email pals@york.nhs.uk.

An answer phone is available out of hours.

Tell us what you think of this leaflet

We hope that you found this leaflet helpful. If you would like to tell us what you think, please contact: Jenny Olivey, Advanced Clinical Specialist and/or Alexandra Williams, Senior Respiratory Physiotherapist The York Hospital, Wigginton Road, York, YO31 8HE or telephone 01904 725528.

Teaching, training and research

Our Trust is committed to teaching, training and research to support the development of health and healthcare in our community. Healthcare students may observe consultations for this purpose. You can opt out if you do not want students to observe. We may also ask you if you would like to be involved in our research.

Leaflets in alternative languages or formats

Please telephone or email if you require this information in a different language or format, for example Braille, large print or audio.

如果你要求本資 不同的 或 式提供,電或發電

Jeżeli niniejsze informacje potrzebne są w innym języku lub formacie, należy zadzwonić lub wysłać wiadomość e-mail

Bu bilgileri değişik bir lisanda ya da formatta istiyorsanız lütfen telefon ediniz ya da e-posta gönderiniz

Telephone: 01904 725566 Email: access@york.nhs.uk

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Date first issued August 2021 Review Date August 2024

Version 1 (issued August 2021)

Approved by Jenny Olivey, Advanced Clinical Specialist

Document Reference PIL1530 v1

 $\hbox{@\,}2021$ York and Scarborough Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust.

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