

Dietary Advice Following Oesophageal Stent The Softer Option

Information for patients, relatives and carers

① For more information, please contact:

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Oesophageal stent and diet

This leaflet contains information to help you to choose food which you can enjoy safely and help to ensure a balanced diet after your oesophageal stent.

An oesophageal stent is a tube that is placed in your gullet (oesophagus) and positioned across the area that is narrowed. This allows you to swallow your food easier.

After the stent is placed, for the first 24 hours you will usually be required to;

- Remain nil by mouth for two hours post stent placement, followed by;
- 2. Consume water only for two hours, followed by;
- 3. Free fluids for 20 hours.

However, you may be advised otherwise by your consultant. You will then follow a soft/moist diet. This type of diet will easily pass down your stent and reduce the risk of blockage.

Eating habits

- Try to eat slowly and take your time at meals.
- Cut your food up into small pieces and take small mouthfuls.
- Try to chew your food well.
- It is helpful to sit upright at a table when eating meals.

Soft diet

- You will need to follow a soft/moist diet.
- Continue on this diet long term (unless advised otherwise by your Dietitian or Doctor or if you have a temporary removable stent).
- As a guide any foods that can easily be mashed with a fork should be suitable.
- Serve foods moist, e.g. add extra sauce, gravy or milk.
- Avoid eating foods which are hard, dry, solid or have large lumps. These types of foods are more likely to cause a blockage in your stent.
- However, you may manage crunchy or crispy biscuits or crackers – ensure that you chew these well and wash down with a drink.
- A soft diet can be very filling. You may need to have more frequent, smaller meals plus snacks, especially if your appetite is poor.
- Start with small servings you can always have second helpings.
- Choose a wide variety of foods to ensure a balanced diet.
- Baby foods are not suitable for adults.

Drinks

- Have a drink during and after meals. Any type of drink is suitable. This can help food to pass through the stent.
- Fizzy drinks and hot drinks may help to clean the stent after eating but fizzy drinks can also increase acid reflux.

Is your food sticking?

If your food is sticking on swallowing try the following:

- Stop what you are eating.
- If you can, stand up and walk around.
- Try a few sips of a drink.
- Warm water or a fizzy drink may be helpful.

If you cannot swallow liquids contact your Doctor for advice.

If you have on-going swallowing difficulties or your swallowing difficulties get worse you should also contact your Doctor for advice.

Getting the balance right

To ensure your diet is as nourishing as possible, have a variety of foods and include foods from each of the following groups every day.

Protein foods

- Meat and poultry minced, tender stews and casseroles (remove bones and gristle), sausage (no skin).
- Corned beef, pate, meat paste.
- Fish flaked with sauce, remove bones and skin.
- Fish paste and mousse.
- Eggs soft scrambled, mashed hard boiled eggs with salad cream or mayonnaise, soufflé.
- Vegetarian Quorn or soya mince, Quorn chicken style pieces with a sauce or gravy.

Starchy foods

- Cereals, e.g. porridge, Ready Brek, Weetabix, Rice Krispies, softened in milk.
- Potatoes (remove skins) mashed, jacket without skins.
- Pasta with sauce.
- Rice with sauce.
- Plain biscuits, crackerbread, crackers, breadsticks.
- Day old bread only (see foods not recommended, page 9, for further information).

Fruit and vegetables

- Stewed fruit, soft tinned fruit, mashed fruit.
- Soft or cooked vegetables such as carrots, parsnips, swede, turnips, broccoli and cauliflower florets, tinned tomatoes, baked beans, mushy peas, soft avocado.
- Avoid skins, pips, seeds and peel.

Dairy foods

- Milk, preferably full cream.
- Milk puddings, e.g. rice, custard, mousse, whip, blancmange.
- Smooth yoghurt, fromage frais, dips, evaporated milk, cream, ice cream.
- Soft cheese, e.g. cream cheese, grated cheese in cooking, cheese spread.

Miscellaneous

 Smooth peanut butter, chocolate spread, hummus, taramasalata, Marmite, honey, jelly jams and marmalades (without rind, skin or seeds).

Foods not recommended

You should avoid eating hard, dry, solid or lumpy foods. These foods are more difficult to chew well and more likely to cause a blockage in your stent.

The following foods are not recommended:

- Raw apple.
- Fruit skins in jam and stewed fruit.
- Green salads, raw or stringy vegetables.
- Hard chips.
- Tough meat and gristle, steak or chops.
- Fresh or crusty bread and toast.
- Hard boiled eggs unless well mashed with salad cream or mayonnaise. Also avoid Omelette.
- Puffed wheat, shredded wheat, muesli.
- Pithy segments of grapefruit or orange.
- Nuts. seeds and dried fruit.
- Hard toffees, fruit gums and chewy sweets.

Bread

Day old bread should be eaten with caution. If you feel bread is sticking, stop eating it immediately.

Meal ideas

Breakfast

- Porridge, or Ready Brek with full cream milk or cream, with sugar, honey or syrup.
- Weetabix with warm milk and sugar.
- Smooth yoghurt or fromage frais with fruit or honey.
- Stewed or mashed fruit with cream or yoghurt.
- Scrambled eggs.
- Tinned tomatoes.

Fish dishes

- Cod Mornay
- Fish pie
- Fish in sauce
- · Mashed tuna and mayonnaise
- Mashed pilchards (remove bones)
- Salmon
- Salmon mousse

Meat dishes

Shepherds pie
Cottage pie
Beef stew, Irish stew
Hotpot
Meat loaf and gravy
Chicken casserole

Savoury mince Corned beef hash Moussaka Curry and rice Chilli and rice

Meal ideas continued

Soup

See fortified soup – page 13

Pasta/rice dishes

(avoid overcooked rice and pasta)

Macaroni cheese Tuna and pasta bake Lasagne Spaghetti Bolognese

Cheese dishes

Cauliflower cheese Cheese and potato pie Savoury cheese custard Cheesy dips Broccoli and cheese sauce Cheesy vegetables Cheesy soufflé

Meal ideas continued

Snacks

Angel cake
Smooth yoghurt
Fromage frais
Mini rolls
Mousse
Quavers
Bread sticks and dips

Milk drinks Ice cream Cereal Chocolate Biscuits Crackers

Puddings

Milk puddings
Banana custard
Mousse, blancmange
Sponge and custard
Instant whip
Trifle, milk jelly
Stewed fruit and custard
Fromage frais

Egg custard
Crème caramel
Ice cream, sorbet
Angel Delight
Semolina
Tiramisu
Smooth yoghurt
Queen of puddings

Getting enough to eat

A soft/moist diet can be very filling and you may eat less because of this. Try to make what you eat as nourishing as possible by adding extra calories and protein to foods and drinks. Here are some ideas:

Fortified milk – add four tablespoons of dried milk powder to one pint of full cream milk.

Fortified soup – add natural Complan or dried milk powder to soup. Add crème fraiche, Greek yoghurt, cream, grated cheese, or parmesan cheese.

Breakfast cereals – add fortified milk, honey, smooth yoghurt, cream.

Mashed potato - add cream, margarine, butter, grated cheese.

Vegetables – add salad cream, mayonnaise, grated cheese, sauces, margarine, butter, smooth yoghurt.

Puddings – add jelly jam, honey, cream, crème fraiche, evaporated milk, margarine, custard, ice cream, sorbet.

Sauces – add cheese, margarine, butter, yoghurt, cream, crème fraiche, evaporated milk.

Constipation

Constipation can be a problem on a soft diet.

 Try to drink at least six to eight cups/three to four pints/ one and half to two litres of fluid a day.

To increase fibre in your diet:

- Use high fibre cereals with hot milk to soften, for example porridge, Weetabix.
- Include suitable fruit and vegetables daily.
- Unprocessed bran is not recommended.

Acid Reflux

If you have any symptoms at night;

- Try raising the head of the bed by 10-20cm
- Avoid anything to eat or drink for three to four hours before bed.

Poor appetite or weight loss?

If your appetite is poor or you are losing weight, contact your Dietitian for further advice.

Tell us what you think of this leaflet

We hope that you found this leaflet helpful. If you would like to tell us what you think, please contact: Admin Team, The York Hospital, Wigginton Road, York, YO31 8HE, telephone 01904 725269 or email nutrition&dietetics@york.nhs.uk.

Teaching, training and research

Our Trust is committed to teaching, training and research to support the development of health and healthcare in our community. Healthcare students may observe consultations for this purpose. You can opt out if you do not want students to observe. We may also ask you if you would like to be involved in our research.

Patient Advice and Liaison Service (PALS)

PALS offers impartial advice and assistance to patients, their relatives, friends and carers. We can listen to feedback (positive or negative), answer questions and help resolve any concerns about Trust services.

PALS can be contacted on 01904 726262, or email pals@york.nhs.uk.

An answer phone is available out of hours.

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Date first issued September 2015 Review Date March 2025

Version 4 (issued March 2022)

Approved by Department of Nutrition and Dietetics

Document Reference PIL 965 v4

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